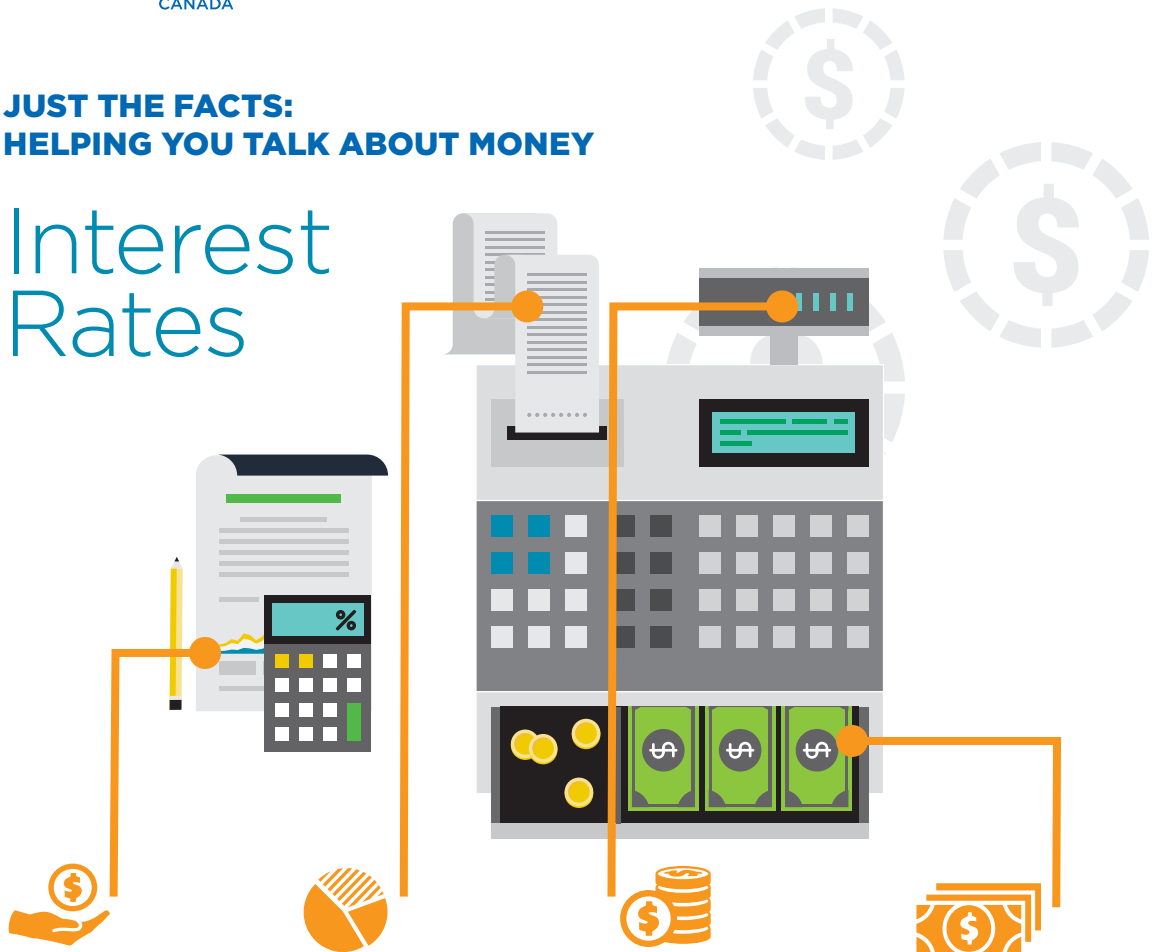


**JUST THE FACTS:  
HELPING YOU TALK ABOUT MONEY**

# Interest Rates



**Interest rates are the cost of borrowing money.**

- The longer you have the borrowed money, the more interest you will pay.
- In essence, you are “renting” cash from a lending institution, and interest is the charge for this service.
- When you make a deposit, the financial institution is “borrowing” from you and pays you interest. They profit from lending to others at a higher interest rate.

**Interest rates are a set percentage of the amount borrowed.**

- The initial amount borrowed is known as the “principal.”
- Rates are a percentage of the principal, calculated per year – even if you are paying it back monthly.
- Interest rates apply to the entire balance remaining to be paid back, including previous interest charges on top of the principal.

**It is always advisable to compare and negotiate interest rates.**

- Most financial institutions have posted rates (often referred to as “sheet rates” or “standard rates”).
  - You do not have to accept these rates as offered. Shopping around can save you significant costs.
- Financial institutions are competing for your business. They are not “doing you a favour” by lending you money – they profit from these transactions.

**“0%” financing does not mean you are not paying interest.**

- Interest charges are included in the purchase price; if you were paying cash (rather than financing) you could negotiate a cheaper price.
- The company offering you the financing is legally obligated to show you the Actual Percentage Rate (APR), a commission to the company from the lending institutions.

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